

Review the role of divorce the children of delinquency

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Abstract: When a disease is generally considered the entire material and spiritual efforts to combat and prevent the b is used to reduce the amount of losses and possibly the root of the disease is contrary to all the divorce Patients It is the plague of divorce. Divorce is a big problem in our world today is global and not limited to a particular country or countries and any age, such as age and family risk of adverse effects resulting from the dissolution of the Association has not of any age Like this age man with virtually no risk of adverse effects resulting from it. Legislators and lawyers, psychologists each with devices that is available to try and stable Foundation Farad marriages conviction to steadier noted the have a divorce Family and tear and definite direct impact on criminal behavior in youth Separation of the parents, especially the mother, causing an inability to maintain a healthy emotional and correct at the time of puberty the present paper examines the issue of divorce and its consequences, and hopefully debate question of divorce and its consequences, especially in this children delinquency cause more families to think about this problem and, if possible, in favor of their demands and social damage than they do over their children, to avoid.

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1. Introduction

Divorce and family break should be noted that the direct and definite effect on delinquent behavior in youth. Bulb. It is believed that separation from their parents, especially the mother, resulting in the inability to maintain a healthy emotional and correct at the time of puberty. Hoyer has shown that nearly 90 percent of juvenile offenders, deviant or criminal families that divorce has led to collapse of their lives torn apart, and the specter of their shelter young life divorce doth (Kynia, 1994, 33) should also study the crucial issue of the society pointed out that divorce is increasing every year and the rate of divorce in society is increasing in this case, "sociologists what psychoanalyst psychiatrists and Deviance and believe they have the knowledge of biologists about the fact that "social action" that is the core of this issue is the social and sociological, and social justification should Deviance delinquency and deviant acts in the sphere of society that occurred after also occurs in the context of social reciprocity. (Siddiq, 1995, 66.) This paper is an attempt to both structural and situational factors in creating a community of crime, deviance and crime is due to a combination of theoretical framework and tried to comments in various fields of social pathology is helping to create a society crime and delinquency in the creation of different variables is investigated experimentally.

Problems defined

Crime is a social phenomenon and a social context, however, biological factors, psychological, geographical, ethnic, racial, and others on how to play a very important development and incidence of crime, the issue explanation based on the Social environment, impaired vision, particularly how social sociology of the family's youngest and are important social institution that plays an important role in cooperation and normative behaviors congruent with the social environment is responsible. Here we investigate the role of the family as a factor in preventing juvenile delinquency (based on the order in the family) is considered. This is especially due to restriction factors can be studied in a scientific work is important because the It the research work in all dimensions and angles carefully considered and examined. If the family is an important factor for delinquency and the delinquent adverse conditions develop, the more favorable conditions in the family, mental development, mental and social teenagers made it possible, is an important step in the prevention of delinquency. Delinquency rate seems to increase, indicating a weakening of family ties in the group, so that group unity is in tatters. The extent to which members of dominance relationships, intimate relationships, emotional, moral and out, the risk of loss of function of important social norms and values of family, education,

children will not be far away. What is important is the family group to form relationships and bonds people as carriers of agents and roles to be played so that the basic function of preserving the unity and cohesion of the family to be followed. Speak kindly house that is empty of growth failure, mental, social and emotional teen, lack of love and lack of stability and harmony in the family's underlying delinquent behavior (erudite, 1993). Every time the foundation is weak, emotional and moral family on family discipline (divorced) affected, the crime takes place in order family relationship with the delinquency process. When divorce is increasing, conflicts within the family, is peaking in adolescence and children away from their parents because of the suffering into addiction, crime and ... Are caught however relations between parents and children, family disintegration and lack of order and balance in the family, religious beliefs and moral weakness plays an important role in juvenile delinquency (Ali Yazdi, 2000).

If values and values of a people who have a severe effect on him rather than the promotion of non-criminal conduct supporting criminal behavior, that person may be guilty. Cohesive center of family functioning and stability to individuals fairly raises acceptable norms of generalized social supply internalize ease, and the investigator to make a way that is roles delegated expected plugged implementation Families, small groups where intimacy is essential and inseparable among the most obvious and most essential task of socializing the next generation of the family (Rosen Baum, 1973 quoted Mahdavi, 1988) caused a strong focus loving family, in order to reverse the flow of hatred and division, and conflict, and conflict is implied. When the depth of hatred and division, and conflict became the focus, keep discipline among its family is precarious and difficult.

Theoretical literature

Definition of crime

The community members are expected to abide by the values and norms, but there are always some people who do not follow some of these values and norms. Society in harmony with the values and norms of people who are "compatible" or "voice" and people that behaves contrary to their "alien" or "non-voice" calls. Thus, the observance of the norms of social conformity, social norms, but is perfect for the social nonconformity. Thus the voice of those who are "normal" and they are considered to have conformity, "non-normal" are called. Among the non-normal individuals, whose behavior is not transient and late dissonant lasted, or is perverse and deviant behavior as "Social Deviance" or "social deviance" calls (Commendable, 1995, 52).

The sociological meaning of "deviant" behavior sets that do not conform to social norms and carried the same prestige and the social group causes a variety of reactions, which are called community supervision. Therefore deviate from physical and mental defects

beginning of violations of religious, moral commandments, social customs and rules of criminal law seems to delinquency (Gsn, 1988 quoted Kynia 1991) Klynard Marshall has suggested that the term "diversion" refers to situations in which human behavior is contrary to the accepted path to the extent that it can be tolerated. Thus, crime and delinquency are the most obvious forms of diversion. Aspects of the criminal acts allegedly breaking the law and are punishable by law and juvenile delinquency refers to criminal acts (privileged, 2004, 55).

Refers to offenders who act in a manner contrary to the laws and rules of society, he was carried out, followed by social rules and sentenced to prison is in jeopardy. Children and young offender is involved; Deviation of the relative meaning that it is impossible to give a definition Actions not only in relation to a particular society at a given time in history that the criteria are the standard deviation (Safavi, 1991).

Divorce

The term separation of men and women in divorce custody release and freedom from marital marriage; Divorce social relationships (between individuals and social groups within it) is, under the supervision of competent authorities (as representatives of the community) and the research necessary arrangements. Divorce among the most tragic social phenomenon Balance makes people disappear, as do the works of the leaves. It can never properly studied social pathology and social delinquency, social deviance without identification cannot be divorced. In other words, every society in search of health has to contain this phenomenon (Sarokhani, 1997). Close family "situation in which a child's parents are separated, and the plan of dissolution, annulment or separation period of three months for continues» (Saeesh, 1,382th).

Letters and writings indicate that most cases of divorce, divorce, coupled with the stress of a crisis that affects all family members. Studies show that, on average, for each child 18 to 24 months it takes to be compatible with the divorce (Kynia, 1994).

Koenig, divorce knows no disabled proportion of couples having characteristics making marriage and the family.

More or less synonymous with concepts such as marital instability marital annulment, divorce, low marital quality is used (Sarokhani, 1997).

Theoretical Framework

With regard to the issue of crime as a social problem, it can include many theories, this paper has tried to research using mixed method theory, the factors influencing crime in the field to investigate and take measured The study of children of divorce as a social phenomenon of crime can be explained .

One Kurt Lew in Field Theory

Social and psychological fields (environmental and

personal factors) in children of divorce tend to affect delinquency. Kurt Lewin is in this context that human behavior is a function of several factors, and these factors can be linked to personality characteristics and environmental factors can be divided into two species because the behavior of each individual function specific time and place is that he is limit the lives This relationship creates a dynamic contrast to the situation in which the behavior is according to Kurt Lewin, a social networking field, the relative positions of the members of a group to adopt its own dependence and correlation between them can be established. Create a new Group organization and group dynamics are determined by the organization when the person you want to build a working and social a dynamic process, "offender" use term a one used a (Mumtaz, 2004).

2. Theory True children Judith Divorce & Joon general

This refers to the "separation of parents from each other is the tendency of children to delinquency." After the separation of parents and children often suffer from anxiety and emotional reveal. These theorists also say they see children who experience divorce in their lives and therefore are anxious to get away from home into deviations and different of delinquency drop no doubt some young deviance belong to families who are experiencing family problems (When Nia, 1994).

Despite issues such as divorce, separation and divorce, child minders who makes the hands look different. Laqdyhay lives of parents and children, and boost the quality of life of couples and family relationships based on conflict and cooperation has an impact on young offenders. (Vice, 1991)

In this respect, we refer to the four categories of factors.

1 - The availability of diversion (eg, access to factors such as alcohol, tobacco and cannabis,).

2 - Spend time with the youth of the same age in the same age group in which people do things that up by age are not encouraged or rebuked.

3 - The absence of a strong personality: rather diversion occurs when a family member is not strong at home.

4 - Life planning: the same amount that young people are living with the program of work planned for the same amount of time less likely (Mumtaz, 2004).

4. The theory of differential binding Sutherland

A person is guilty of criminal behavior by learning a friend.

He says the crime rate there is a tendency to deviate from a friend. Sutherland in his theory of "a distinct association" believes that such deviations are generally within the first group is a mixed group of friends or family. This group of highly officials and officials such as teachers, priests, policemen and communication tools are Sutherland of learning criminal behavior, including

criminal techniques, motives, attitudes, and that is the reason for shaving. Thus, a successful young teaches how to steal and how to bring reasoning to justify their theft and excuses for Shave (Rafi-Pour, 1999).

5. Theory Abraham Maslow's pyramid of needs

Hope to meet the needs of the tendency toward delinquency is effective. Maslow's existing needs for every human being to Divided into 5 categories which are as follows: :

1 - Physical needs, with the aim of human life are survival.

2 - A sense of protection (security release).

3 - for a sense of belonging and love (compassion).

4 - The value, status (own and others).

5 - Training and Personal Growth (through growth and development facility capacity).

Note that delinquency arises when one or more of these needs are not satisfied within the community and therefore to be able to meet the needs of the existing acts does, because the result in the first place and not satisfying the founder Therefore, a person needs is to bring down crime. (Mumtaz, 2004).

It is natural that we should explain the sociological research on studying the effects of crime to start a family. Because sociologists, psychologists and psychiatrists agree that this issue is nothing more than the experience gained during the development of children in the family, does not affect the child's behavior. Although other factors, too, sometimes striking, but more of a factor does not exist (ibid.).

Discussion

With four difficulty levels, which is essential in order to face include joint consultation, mutual empathy, along a common, shared Well happiness any group or "aqueous" If these four problems is solved with your order is otherwise disrupted. Disruption of family discipline can lead to divorce and crime to family members, including children. Family roles are essentially takes place most effectively when it contains all the essential functions of the family, and is divided evenly between members and also members of the tasks should be constant pursuit of the families for juvenile offenders all notable family roles for the division of negligence properly if the family does not have parental neglect and educational issues, academic, economic and recreational activities for children and teens do not care and they go on and on bringing more children into the community and peer groups and parental monitoring on is low.

Boundaries in families of juvenile offenders are generally not in good condition, probably members of the families of the hidden malicious behaviors and aggressive towards family and the struggle for power is on the rise. Family roles in families of adolescents are different from non-offenders and non-offenders, families

with teenagers, roles, and conditions are more favorable. Such as family roles, including roles and responsibilities of family members, how to divide tasks among members of the force planning duties, articulating roles and boundaries in order to regulate the members and families of juvenile offenders than non-delinquent adolescents is on the lower level. This has had a huge impact on their criminal behavior. In fact, these issues have caused the families of non-delinquent adolescents and teenagers with taking refuge in a safe environment for them to be away from harm; one of the main areas of weakness in the implementation of family roles, especially criminal behavior disorders in adolescents.

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